

Integration with the TI-89

To find the value of $\int_a^b f(x) dx$ using the TI-89, first go to **F3: Calc** and select

2: f(integrate Complete the command line in the following form:

$$f(\mathbf{f(x)}, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{a}, \mathbf{b})$$

The value will be found exactly, if possible; otherwise, an approximation method will be used. If the limits a and b are left out of the command, the TI-89 will find the expression for the anti-derivative of f , if possible.

Example: To find the area under one arch of the curve $y = \sin(x^2)$ enter

$$f(\mathbf{\sin(x^2)}, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{0}, \mathbf{\pi^{(1/2)}})$$

The result is .894831.

Exercise: Find the volume generated if the region indicated in the example is revolved about:

- a. the x -axis
- b. the y -axis

[**Answers:** a. $.669875\pi$ by the disk method
b. 2π by the shell method]